



TO: **Interested Parties**

RE: Freedom to Marry Research Update Memo

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- > In May of 2011 we released a memorandum illustrating that growth in support for the freedom to marry had accelerated. The 2012 elections confirmed this trend.
 - o While all prior attempts at the ballot box had failed, in 2012 all 4 states with ballot questions on the issue voted to support the freedom to marry.
- > An analysis of the 2012 exit polls conducted on Election Day confirm another key insight: Significant opposition to the freedom to marry is increasingly isolated within narrow demographic groups while a much broader and more diverse majority are ready to let same-sex couples marry.
- > The fact that a majority now support the freedom to marry, after significant and relatively rapid growth, has been well-documented.
 - Nearly all public data tracking these trends indicate that support outweighs opposition.
 - Publicly released polling since November 2012 shows that support for the freedom to marry now stands at roughly 53% of the voting public.
 - o Moreover, polls show that opposition to DOMA is even higher: 59% oppose the federal government withholding equal benefits and protections from legally married same-sex couples. i

A Broad And Diverse Majority Support The Freedom to Marry, While Opposition Is Increasingly Isolated

- > Exit polls show that while voters age 65 or older (16% of the population) oppose letting same-sex couples marry by wide margins, support for the freedom to marry outweighs opposition among voters under 65 (84% of the population).
 - o Among voters over 65, opposition outweighs support by 21 points (37% support/58% oppose).
 - But a majority of voters under age 65 support the freedom to marry, by a margin of 8 points (52% support the freedom to marry while 44% oppose).
- > Even more dramatically, exit polls show that all voters besides white evangelical Christians support the freedom to marry (58% support, just 36% oppose). By contrast, white evangelical Christians reject the freedom to marry by overwhelming margins (24% support/73% oppose).

- Indeed, all major non-evangelical religious groups are ready to legalize marriage for same-sex couples:
 - White non-evangelical Protestants: 54% support/43% oppose
 - White Catholics: 53% support/43% oppose
 - Hispanic Catholics: 54% support/35% oppose
 - African-American non-evangelical: 65% support/31% oppose
 - Jewish: 78% support/21% oppose
- ➤ White non-college graduates represent another small pocket of opposition. While they oppose the freedom to marry by a wide margin (40% support/56% oppose), all other slices of the electorate support it:
 - Non-white non-college graduates: 54% support/38% oppose
 - White college graduates: 56% support/41% oppose
 - Non-white college graduates: 58% support/35% oppose
- ➤ While exit polls proved that 2012 voters from the left and middle of the partisan spectrum support the freedom to marry by wide margins...
 - o Democrats: 68% support/27% oppose
 - Independents: 54% support/40% oppose
- ...Opposition to allowing same-sex couples to marry is near universal among Tea Party supporters, but significant numbers of other Republicans support the freedom to marry.
 - o Republicans who oppose the Tea Party: 47% support/52% oppose
 - o Republicans neutral to the Tea Party: 34% support/62% oppose
 - Republicans who support the Tea Party: 13% support/84% oppose
 - Moreover, a majority of the next generation of Republicans supports the freedom to marry, even as the old guard of the party remains opposed.
 - Among Republicans under age 30, 51% support the legalization of same-sex marriage in their state, while 46% oppose.
- > Among voters under 65, there is widespread consensus across racial groups in favor of the freedom to marry:
 - Whites under 65: 50% support/46% oppose
 - African-Americans under 65: 51% support/40% oppose
 - Hispanics under 65: 60% support/31% oppose
- ➤ Finally, regardless of their own position on the issue, most voters believe that same-sex couples will win the freedom to marry nationally: 83% of voters say it will be legal nationally in the next 5-10 years. iii
- Given all the above data, and other data and trends we've seen, it is clear that opponents of the freedom to marry are both on the wrong side of a majority of Americans and on the wrong side of history.

i Goodwin-Simon Strategic Research, January 23-27, 2013, 802 registered voters nationwide (margin of error +/- 3.5%) <u>LINK</u>
ii All exit poll data comes from Edison Research's November 6, 2012 General Election Exit Polls (5322 Election Day voters; margin of error +/- 2.0%; "Should your state legally recognize same-sex marriage?")
iii Anzalone Liszt Grove Research, January 24-30, 2013 800 registered voters nationwide (margin of error +/-3.5%) <u>LINK</u>